# Adopting Digital Technologies in Housing and Construction industries

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### 晶 Buildings and infrastructure

- Different levels of digital literacy to use digital technology
- Cost
- Time consuming
- Ease of use
- Complexity
- Usability and applicability
- Interoperability

- Focus on maximising profit
- Focus on reducing cost
- Construction processes taking place on site





People

- Inappropriate leadership
- Lack of training
- Lack of knowledge about the benefits of digital innovation
- Negative perceptions
- Lack of management support
- Lack of skills







Lack of knowledge about the benefits of digital innovation	•	There is still a significant gap at the individual level, and employees are not clearly informed about the positive impacts that digital technologies can have on their role and day to day performance
Lack of skills and training	•	It is unclear what kind of competencies and skills are required from each party and at what stage of project
	•	Disconnection between two skillsets: digital skills and construction knowledge
Resistance to change	•	Resistance to change varies according to personality type and attitude to change
	•	Resistance may be more prevalent among senior staff who are nearing retirement







- Technology-centric mindset rather human-centric
- Organisational resources and support
- Competitiveness
- Lack of clarity in current roles regarding digital responsibility
- Risk aversion
- Lack of collaboration
- Lack of organizational resources and support







Technology-centric rather human-centric mindset

 Managers with a human-centric vision of BIM are more successful in bringing changes into their organisation, as they engage with people and bring them on board

Lack of clarity in current roles regarding digital responsibility

The wider workforce, especially those who are in a non-digital role, need to have clear, role-specific, digitally-relevant responsibilities, as well as generic competencies

Lack of collaboration and communication

 There is a need for clear documentation indicating deliverables and data expected from each department, inside the organisation and through the supply chain



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#### Process and procedures ←

- Involvement with supply chain at different levels of competency
- Coordination issues
- Lack of communication and collaboration
- Difficulty in keeping employees on board throughout the digitisation journey
- Challenges in designing digital strategy implementation path





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## Process and procedures

Challenges in designing digital strategy

Absence of a clear and communicable digital transformation strategy that set out the steps to digital transformation

Difficulty in keeping employees on board throughout the digitisation journey The need to bring all employees on board and help them to understand and believe in the need for organisational change is neglected

- Involvement with supply chain at different levels of competency
- SMEs and micro businesses are more likely to lack the time and money needed for investment in BIM technologies or their use





## **Digital Competency**

and external resources in a variety of related situations





# **Digital Competency Framework**





# **Critical thinking**

Ethical Considerations

Analysing Data

**Evaluating Sources** 

**Problem-Solving** 

Innovating



## How can these barriers be tackled?

### There are enablers to adopt digital technologies (e.g. BIM) successfully



# Committed leadership and management

#### A firm needs committed leadership to support the process of change who:

- believes in the strategies they are implementing
- believes in the urgency of digital transformation, its long-term benefits and who is committed to implementing the necessary strategies to achieve the vision
- supports personalised and people-focused; and
- values employee suggestions



# Committed leadership and management

Industry example: Multiplex

#### **Recommendation:**

- Appoint a digital transformation leader-champion
- Lead by example
- Lead people, don't focus solely on technology







#### A digital transformation strategy with realistic objectives

#### A successful digital transformation strategy:

- provides a step-by-step map of how to create a new firm culture around the use of new technologies
- gears towards establishing new routines and practices and creating a new firm culture, with a focus on people, processes, routines and technology
- uses simple language to communicate the goal of transformation;
- gives employees a sense of 'shared ownership' in what is to be achieved;
- is consistent and can be repeated across the firm;
- considers the needs of people (employees) in introducing new technologies and processes; and
- provides the needed internal support structures for implementation (e.g., training and support for staff, appropriate software).





#### A digital transformation strategy with realistic objectives

#### Industry example: Willmott Dixon

#### **Recommendation:**

 Design a simple, clear and people-focused digital transformation strategy that can be easily communicated







#### **Robust structures for effective collaboration and communication**

# There is need for establishing new ways of communicating that facilitate greater collaboration and the sharing of data and information.

- Creating cross-functional teams with structures that promote freer communication encourages collective creativity in problem solving
- Encourages employees to take the initiative when working with new tools, technologies or implementing new processes
- Setting out the deliverables and data expected from each department inside the firm and from each party in the project supply chain



Robust structures for effective collaboration and communication Industry example: ISG

#### **Recommendation:**

• Create enabling structures for effective communication and collaboration







#### Building a capable supplier network through a 'growing together' approach

- Firms operating as suppliers in the construction supply chain are critical for successful project execution as contractors are heavily reliant on their supplier networks
- This supportive approach involves hosting workshops, training sessions and company visits to learn of capability challenges and to offer training support to suppliers





Building a capable supplier network through a 'growing together' approach

Industry example: Skanska

#### **Recommendation:**

• Support your supply chain to develop their digital capabilities







Training and skills development initiatives for employees

- Training course, bespoke or one to one training which is tailored to individual digital literacy is crucial.
- Provide all employees with the basic skills for operating any underlying platform prior to introducing application software.
- Soft skills training including collaborative skills, system thinking, and communication are as fundamental as hard skills.

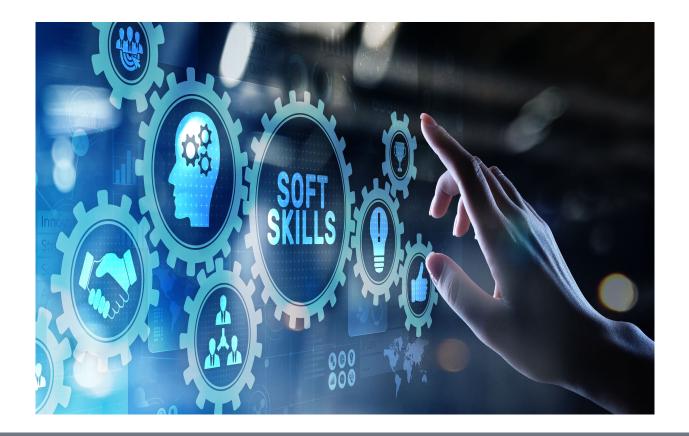


### **Training and skills development initiatives for employees**

**Industry example: Kier** 

#### **Recommendation:**

- Upskill employees in the use of new software and adapting to modified processes
- Provide tailored training based on employee digital competency levels







• Building a trust relationship usually takes time and involves honest communication, offering reliable information about the inherent risks and the benefits associated with these innovations





#### **Recommendation:**

• Build transparent, long-term trust-based relationships with clients





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